

CR 18

C0258

CLERK OF COURT

NC

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

FILED

JUN 14 2018

SUSAN Y. SOONG
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

vs.

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES &
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI

INDICTMENT

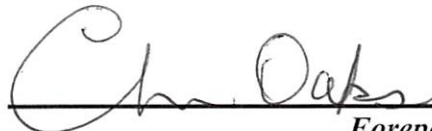
COUNT 1: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud
against Theranos Investors

COUNT 2: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud
against Doctors and Theranos Patients

COUNTS 3-8: 18 U.S.C. § 1343 – Wire Fraud

COUNTS 9-11: 18 U.S.C. § 1343 – Wire Fraud

A true bill.


Foreperson

Filed in open court this 14th day of June
A.D. 2018


United States Magistrate Judge

Bail. \$ No bail arrest warrants

as to each defendant
Initial appearance - arraignment
June 15, 2018



ALEX G. TSE (CABN 152348)
Acting United States Attorney

FILED

JUN 14 2018

SUSAN Y. SOONG
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE

SEALED BY ORDER
OF COURT

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

CR 18

00258

LHK

NC

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

No.:

Plaintiff,

VIOLATIONS:

v.

18 U.S.C. § 1349 – Conspiracy; 18 U.S.C. § 1343 –
Wire Fraud; 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C.
§ 2461(c) – Forfeiture

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH “SUNNY” BALWANI,

SAN JOSE VENUE

Defendants.

INDICTMENT

The Grand Jury charges that, at all relevant times:

Introductory Allegations

1. The defendant Elizabeth A. Holmes (“HOLMES”) resided in Los Altos Hills, California, and owned and operated a health care and life sciences company called Theranos, Inc. (“Theranos” or “Company”). HOLMES founded Theranos in 2003, and served in the role of Chief Executive Officer from 2003 through the present.

2. The defendant Ramesh “Sunny” Balwani (“BALWANI”) resided in Atherton, California, and was employed by Theranos from September 2009 through 2016. BALWANI served in various roles at Theranos: as a member of its Board of Directors, as its President, and as its Chief Operating Officer.

INDICTMENT

4. Theranos was a private health care and life sciences company. Its stated mission was to revolutionize medical laboratory testing through allegedly innovative methods for drawing blood, testing blood, and interpreting the resulting patient data—all for the purpose of improving outcomes and lowering health care costs.

5. During its first ten years, from approximately 2003 to approximately 2013, Theranos operated in what HOLMES called “stealth mode,” with little public attention. While operating in “stealth mode,” Theranos pursued the development of proprietary technology that could run clinical tests using only tiny drops of blood instead of the vials of blood typically drawn from an arm vein for traditional analysis. Theranos also worked to develop a method for drawing only a few drops of capillary blood from a patient’s finger using a small lancet, and collecting and storing that blood in a proprietary device called the “nanotainer.” Theranos’s stated goal was to produce a second proprietary device that could quickly and accurately analyze blood samples collected in nanotainers. Theranos referred to these devices using several terms, including “TSPU” (or “Theranos Sample Processing Unit”), “Edison,” and “miniLab.”

6. In or around 2013, Theranos began to publicize its technological advances. According to Theranos, its proprietary methods and technologies carried several advantages over conventional blood testing. For example, Theranos claimed that its laboratory infrastructure yielded test results in less time than conventional labs—requiring hours instead of days. Theranos claimed that its proprietary technology and methods would minimize the risk of human error and generate results with the highest accuracy. According to Theranos, the small blood sample size required for Theranos’s proprietary tests, and its method of collecting blood by finger stick, would also benefit elderly individuals with collapsed veins, individuals who required frequent blood tests due to chronic health conditions, and any individual

1 who feared needles. In addition, Theranos claimed that its blood tests provided substantial cost savings,
 2 advertising that it billed all of the tests on the Medicare Clinical Laboratory Fee Schedule at rates 50%
 3 or more below the published reimbursement rate.

4 7. Prior to its commercial launch, HOLMES heavily promoted Theranos's supposed
 5 technological and operational capabilities. In a September 2013 press release, Theranos claimed that it
 6 had "eliminat[ed] the need for larger needles and numerous vials of blood" by relying instead on
 7 samples "taken from a tiny finger stick or a micro sample taken from traditional methods." In another
 8 press release, dated November 13, 2013, Theranos touted its use of "blood sample[s] as small as a few
 9 drops—1/1000th the size of a typical blood draw." In that same statement, the Company again declared
 10 that it had "eliminate[ed] the need for large needles and numerous vials of blood typically required for
 11 diagnostic lab testing."

12 8. In addition to directing the actions of the Company, HOLMES also made statements to
 13 the media advertising the capabilities of Theranos's technology. In an interview for a *Wall Street*
 14 *Journal* article published on September 9, 2013, HOLMES said that Theranos could "run any
 15 combination of tests, including sets of follow-on tests" at once, very quickly, all from a single small
 16 blood sample.

17 9. Theranos also used its website to increase awareness of its technology. On its website,
 18 Theranos displayed a nanotainer of blood balanced on a fingertip along with the slogan, "one tiny drop
 19 changes everything." The website also assured visitors that "for the first time," Theranos's laboratory
 20 could perform tests "quickly and accurately on samples as small as a single drop."

21 Theranos's Partnership with Walgreens

22 10. As part of its commercial launch, Theranos pursued a partnership with national pharmacy
 23 chain Walgreens. On September 9, 2013, Theranos announced that it would be rolling out Theranos
 24 "Wellness Centers" inside Walgreens retail locations. In a press release on that date, Theranos
 25 promoted its testing services by stating that "consumers can now complete any clinician-directed lab test
 26 with as little as a few drops of blood and results available in a matter of hours." Theranos offered tests
 27 to the public beginning in late 2013 through its Wellness Centers located in Walgreens stores in Palo
 28 Alto, California as well as in Phoenix, Arizona and surrounding areas.

The Scheme to Defraud Investors

11. From a time unknown but no later than 2013 through 2015, HOLMES and BALWANI, and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, through their company, Theranos, engaged in a scheme, plan, and artifice to defraud investors as to a material matter, and to obtain money and property by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, by making materially false and misleading statements, and failing to disclose material facts with a duty to disclose.

12. Beginning in approximately 2013, HOLMES and BALWANI made materially false and misleading statements to investors and failed to disclose material facts, using, among other things: (1) false and misleading written and verbal communications; (2) marketing materials containing false and misleading statements; (3) false and misleading financial statements, models, and other information; and (4) false and misleading statements to the media. HOLMES and BALWANI:

(A) represented to investors that, at the time the statement was made, Theranos's proprietary analyzer—the TSPU, Edison, or miniLab—was presently capable of accomplishing certain tasks, such as performing the full range of clinical tests using small blood samples drawn from a finger stick and producing results that were more accurate and reliable than those yielded by conventional methods—all at a faster speed than previously possible; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos's proprietary analyzer had accuracy and reliability problems, performed a limited number of tests, was slower than some competing devices, and could not compete with larger, conventional machines in high-throughput, or the simultaneous testing of blood from many patients, applications;

(B) represented to investors that Theranos was presently a financially strong and stable company, including that Theranos would generate over \$100 million in revenues and break even in 2014, and that Theranos expected to generate approximately \$1 billion in revenues in 2015; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos had and would generate only modest revenues, roughly a few hundred thousand dollars or so, in 2014 and 2015;

(C) deceived investors through misleading technology demonstrations intended to cause potential investors to believe that blood tests were being conducted on Theranos's proprietary analyzer; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos's proprietary analyzer

1 was running a “null protocol” during the demonstration to make the analyzer appear to be
2 operating, but was not testing the potential investor’s blood, and yet failed to disclose that fact;

3 (D) represented to investors that Theranos presently had an expanding partnership with
4 Walgreens, that is, Theranos would soon dramatically increase the number of Wellness Centers
5 within Walgreens stores; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew, by late 2014, that
6 Theranos’s retail Walgreens rollout had stalled because of several issues, including that
7 Walgreens’s executives had concerns with Theranos’s performance;

8 (E) represented to investors that Theranos presently had a profitable and revenue-
9 generating business relationship with the United States Department of Defense, and that
10 Theranos’s technology had deployed to the battlefield; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI
11 knew that Theranos had limited revenue from military contracts and its technology was not
12 deployed in the battlefield;

13 (F) represented to investors that Theranos did not need the Food and Drug Administration
14 (“FDA”) to approve its proprietary analyzer and tests, but instead that Theranos was applying for
15 FDA approval voluntarily because it was the “gold standard”; when, in truth, HOLMES and
16 BALWANI knew that by late 2013 and throughout 2014, the FDA was requiring Theranos to
17 apply for clearance or approval for its analyzer and tests;

18 (G) represented to investors that Theranos conducted its patients’ tests using Theranos-
19 manufactured analyzers; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos
20 purchased and used for patient testing third party, commercially-available analyzers;

21 (H) represented to investors that Theranos’s technology had been examined, used, and
22 validated by several national or multinational pharmaceutical companies and research
23 institutions; when, in truth, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that these pharmaceutical
24 companies and research institutions had not examined, used, or validated Theranos’s technology;
25 and

26 (I) represented to members of the media for publication many of the false and misleading
27 statements described above within paragraph 12(A) – 12(H), and shared the resulting articles
28

1 with potential investors both directly and via the Theranos website, knowing their statements to
2 members of the media were false and misleading.

3 13. After receiving false and misleading statements, misrepresentations, and omissions from
4 HOLMES and BALWANI, persons known to the Grand Jury as Investors 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 initiated
5 electronic wire transfers for the purpose of investing money in Theranos. These wires, specifically
6 alleged in paragraph 24 of this Indictment, used a domestic electronic funds transfer system known as
7 the Fedwire system, which is owned and operated by the United States Federal Reserve System. All
8 Fedwire wire transfers alleged in this Indictment were electronically routed through Fedwire centers in
9 East Rutherford, New Jersey and/or Dallas, Texas and into Theranos's bank account in the Northern
10 District of California. All of the wire transfers alleged in this Indictment travelled between one state and
11 another state.

12 The Scheme to Defraud Doctors and Patients

13 14. Between approximately 2013 and 2016, HOLMES and BALWANI, through
14 advertisements and solicitations, encouraged and induced doctors and patients to use Theranos's blood
15 testing laboratory services.

16 15. HOLMES and BALWANI devised a scheme to defraud doctors and patients, through
17 advertisements and marketing materials, through explicit and implicit claims concerning Theranos's
18 ability to provide accurate, fast, reliable, and cheap blood tests and test results, and through omissions
19 concerning the limits of and problems with Theranos's technologies. Based on these representations,
20 many hundreds of patients paid, or caused their medical insurance companies to pay, Theranos, or
21 Walgreens acting on behalf of Theranos, for blood tests and test results, sometimes following referrals
22 from their defrauded doctors.

23 16. Despite representing to doctors and patients that Theranos could provide accurate, fast,
24 reliable, and cheap blood tests and test results, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos's
25 technology was, in fact, not capable of consistently producing accurate and reliable results. In
26 particular, HOLMES and BALWANI knew that Theranos was not capable of consistently producing
27 accurate and reliable results for certain blood tests, including but not limited to calcium, chloride,
28 potassium, bicarbonate, HIV, HbA1C, hCG, and sodium.

17. Despite their knowledge of Theranos's accuracy and reliability problems, HOLMES and BALWANI used interstate electronic wires to purchase advertisements intended to induce individuals to purchase Theranos blood tests at Walgreens stores in California and Arizona. Through these advertisements, HOLMES and BALWANI explicitly represented to individuals that Theranos's blood tests were cheaper than blood tests from conventional laboratories to induce individuals to purchase Theranos's blood tests. HOLMES and BALWANI held Theranos's blood tests out to individuals as accurate and reliable. HOLMES and BALWANI:

(A) transmitted, caused to be transmitted, or otherwise delivered to doctors and patients, including in the form of marketing materials and advertisements, materially false and misleading information concerning the accuracy and reliability of Theranos's blood testing services;

(B) posted on the Theranos website, or otherwise represented to a broad audience including doctors and patients, materially false and misleading information concerning the accuracy and reliability of Theranos's blood testing services;

(C) transmitted, caused to be transmitted, or otherwise delivered to doctors and patients Theranos blood test results where HOLMES and BALWANI knew that the tests performed on Theranos technology contained or were likely to contain:

- (1) inaccurate and unreliable results;
- (2) improperly adjusted reference ranges;
- (3) improperly removed "critical" results; and
- (4) results generated from improperly validated assays.

18. Knowing that the accuracy and reliability of Theranos test results was questionable and suspect, HOLMES and BALWANI oversaw the electronic wiring of test results to patients, including persons known to the Grand Jury as Patients 1 and 2 in paragraph 26 of this Indictment. These wires, specifically, the wires alleged in paragraph 26 of this indictment, travelled between one state and another.

COUNT ONE: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 (Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud against Theranos Investors)

19. Paragraphs 1 through 18 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

20. From a time unknown but no later than approximately 2013 through approximately 2015, within the Northern District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI,

and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, did knowingly and intentionally conspire and agree together and with each other to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343, by devising a scheme and artifice to defraud as to a material matter and to obtain money by means of materially false and fraudulent representations, specifically by soliciting investments through making the false and fraudulent representations as set forth in this Indictment.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

COUNT TWO: 18 U.S.C. § 1349 (Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud against Doctors and Theranos Patients)

21. Paragraphs 1 through 18 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

22. From in or about 2013 through 2016, within the Northern District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI,

and others known and unknown to the Grand Jury, did knowingly and intentionally conspire and agree together and with each other to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343, by devising a scheme and artifice to defraud as to a material matter and to obtain money by means of materially false and fraudulent representations, specifically by soliciting, encouraging, or otherwise inducing doctors to refer and patients to pay for and use its laboratory and blood testing services under the false and fraudulent pretense that Theranos technology produced reliable and accurate blood test results.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.

COUNTS THREE THROUGH EIGHT: 18 U.S.C. § 1343 (Wire Fraud)

23. Paragraphs 1 through 22 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

24. On or about the dates set forth below, within the Northern District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI,

for the purpose of executing the material scheme and artifice to defraud investors, and for obtaining money and property from investors by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, promises, and material omissions with a duty to disclose, did knowingly transmit and cause to be transmitted by means of wire communication in interstate commerce certain writings, signs, signals, and pictures, that is, electronic funds transfers and payments from investor bank accounts to Theranos, as further set forth below:

COUNT	DATE	ITEM WIRED	WIRED FROM	WIRED TO
3	12/30/2013	\$99,990	Investor #1's Charles Schwab/Wells Fargo Bank account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account
4	12/31/2013	\$5,349,900	Investor #2's Pacific Western Bank account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account
5	12/31/2013	\$4,875,000	Investor #2's Texas Capital Bank account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account
6	2/6/2014	\$38,336,632	Investor #3's Citibank account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account
7	10/31/2014	\$99,999,984	Investor #4's Northern Chicago Bank account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account
8	10/31/2014	\$5,999,997	Investor #5's JP Morgan Chase account	Theranos's Comerica Bank account

Each in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.

COUNTS NINE THROUGH ELEVEN: 18 U.S.C. § 1343 (Wire Fraud)

25. Paragraphs 1 through 24 are realleged and incorporated as if fully set forth herein.

26. On or about the dates set forth below, within the Northern District of California, and elsewhere, the defendants,

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI,

for the purpose of executing the material scheme and artifice to defraud doctors and patients, and for obtaining money and property from patients, doctors, and insurance companies by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, promises, and material omissions with a duty to disclose, did knowingly transmit and cause to be transmitted by means of wire communication in interstate commerce certain writings, signs, signals, and pictures, that is, laboratory and blood test results and payments for the purchase of advertisements soliciting patients and doctors for its laboratory business, as further set forth below, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343:

COUNT	DATE	WIRED FROM	WIRED TO	ITEM WIRED
9	09/19/2014	California	Arizona	Patient #1's laboratory blood test results
10	11/25/2014	California	Arizona	Patient #2's laboratory blood test results
11	8/3/2015	Theranos's Wells Fargo Bank account in California	Horizon Media, Inc.'s J.P. Morgan Chase Bank account in New York	Electronic Funds Transfer in the amount of \$1,126,661.00 to purchase advertisements for Theranos Wellness Centers

Each in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.

FORFEITURE ALLEGATION: 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) (Forfeiture of Wire Fraud Proceeds)

27. The allegations of paragraphs 1 through 26 of this Indictment are realleged and by this reference fully incorporated herein for the purposes of alleging forfeiture pursuant to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c).

28. Upon a conviction for the offense alleged in Counts One through Eleven, the defendants,

ELIZABETH A. HOLMES and
RAMESH "SUNNY" BALWANI,

shall forfeit to the United States all property, constituting and derived from proceeds traceable to said offenses, including but not limited to the following property:

(a) a sum of money equal to the amount of proceeds obtained as a result of the offense.

If any of said property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant-

(a) cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;

(b) has been transferred or sold to or deposited with, a third person;

(c) has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;

(d) has been substantially diminished in value; or

(e) has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty;

Any and all interest defendant has in any other property (not to exceed the value of the above forfeitable property), shall be forfeited to the United States pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b)(1).

The forfeiture is authorized by Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c); Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p) as incorporated by Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(b)(1); and the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 32.2.


DATED: 6-14-18

A TRUE BILL



FOREPERSON

ALEX G. TSE
Acting United States Attorney



BARBARA J. VALLIERE
Chief, Criminal Division

(Approved as to form: )

AUSA JEFFREY SCHENK
AUSA ROBERT LEACH
AUSA JOHN BOSTIC

AO 257 (Rev. 6/78)

DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURT
 BY: ☐ COMPLAINT ☐ INFORMATION ☒ INDICTMENT
☐ SUPERSEDING
OFFENSE CHARGED
 18 U.S.C. § 1349 (Conspiracy);
 18 U.S.C. § 1343 (Wire Fraud);
 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) (Forfeiture)

☐ Petty
☐ Minor
☐ Misdemeanor
☒ Felony

 PENALTY: All per count:
 20 years imprisonment
 \$250,000 fine
 3 years supervised release
 \$100 special assessment

Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

DEFENDANT - U.S.

Elizabeth A. Holmes

DISTRICT COURT NUMBER

PROCEEDING

Name of Complainant Agency, or Person (& Title, if any)

FBI, USPS, FDA

☐ person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State Court, give name of court

☐ this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrp 20, 21, or 40. Show District

☐ this is a reprosecution of charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on motion of:

☐ U.S. ATTORNEY ☐ DEFENSE

SHOW DOCKET NO.

☐ this prosecution relates to a pending case involving this same defendant

MAGISTRATE CASE NO.

☐ prior proceedings or appearance(s) before U.S. Magistrate regarding this defendant were recorded under

Name and Office of Person

Furnishing Information on this form Alex G. Tse

☒ U.S. Attorney ☐ Other U.S. Agency

Name of Assistant U.S. Attorney (if assigned)

SCHENK/BOSTIC/LEACH

IS NOT IN CUSTODY

Has not been arrested, pending outcome of this proceeding.

 1) ☒ If not detained give date any prior summons was served on above charges

 2) ☐ Is a Fugitive

 3) ☐ Is on Bail or Release from (show District)
IS IN CUSTODY
 4) ☐ On this charge

 5) ☐ On another conviction

☐ Federal ☐ State

 6) ☐ Awaiting trial on other charges

If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution

 Has detainer been filed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes" give date filed

DATE OF ARREST

Month/Day/Year

Or... if Arresting Agency & Warrant were not

DATE TRANSFERRED TO U.S. CUSTODY

Month/Day/Year

☐ This report amends AO 257 previously submitted
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR COMMENTS**PROCESS:**
☐ SUMMONS ☐ NO PROCESS* ☒ WARRANT

Bail Amount: No Bail

If Summons, complete following:

☐ Arraignment ☐ Initial Appearance

Defendant Address:

Date/Time:

Before Judge:

Comments:

A1

AO 257 (Rev. 6/78)

DEFENDANT INFORMATION RELATIVE TO A CRIMINAL ACTION - IN U.S. DISTRICT COURTBY: ☐ COMPLAINT ☐ INFORMATION ☒ **INDICTMENT** ☐ **SUPERSEDING**

Name of District Court, and/or Judge/Magistrate Location

NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

OFFENSE CHARGED18 U.S.C. § 1349 (Conspiracy);
18 U.S.C. § 1343 (Wire Fraud);
18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C), 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c) (Forfeiture)☐ Petty
☐ Minor
☐ Misdemeanor
☒ FelonyPENALTY: All per count:
20 years imprisonment
\$250,000 fine
3 years supervised release
\$100 special assessment**CR 18****DEFENDANT - U.S.**

Ramesh "Sunny" Balwani

DISTRICT COURT NUMBER

00258**LHK****NC****DEFENDANT****IS NOT IN CUSTODY**

Has not been arrested, pending outcome this proceeding.

- 1) ☒ If not detained give date any prior summons was served on above charges
- 2) ☐ Is a Fugitive
- 3) ☐ Is on Bail or Release from (show District)

IS IN CUSTODY

- 4) ☐ On this charge
- 5) ☐ On another conviction } ☐ Federal ☐ State
- 6) ☐ Awaiting trial on other charges

If answer to (6) is "Yes", show name of institution

Has detainer been filed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If "Yes" give date filed

DATE OF ARREST

Month/Day/Year

Or... if Arresting Agency & Warrant were not

DATE TRANSFERRED TO U.S. CUSTODY

Month/Day/Year

☐ This report amends AO 257 previously submitted**PROCEEDING**

Name of Complainant Agency, or Person (& Title, if any)

FBI, USPS, FDA

☐ person is awaiting trial in another Federal or State Court, give name of court☐ this person/proceeding is transferred from another district per (circle one) FRCrp 20, 21, or 40. Show District☐ this is a reprosecution of charges previously dismissed which were dismissed on motion of:

SHOW DOCKET NO.

☐ U.S. ATTORNEY ☐ DEFENSE☐ this prosecution relates to a pending case involving this same defendant

MAGISTRATE CASE NO.

☐ prior proceedings or appearance(s) before U.S. Magistrate regarding this defendant were recorded under

Name and Office of Person

Furnishing Information on this form Alex G. Tse

☒ U.S. Attorney ☐ Other U.S. Agency

Name of Assistant U.S. Attorney (if assigned)

SCHENK/BOSTIC/LEACH

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION OR COMMENTS**PROCESS:**☐ SUMMONS ☐ NO PROCESS* ☒ WARRANT

Bail Amount: No Bail

If Summons, complete following:

☐ Arraignment ☐ Initial Appearance

Defendant Address:

* Where defendant previously apprehended on complaint, no new summons or warrant needed, since Magistrate has scheduled arraignment

Date/Time: Before Judge:

Comments:

112